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2025 Spring Master Irrigator Sensor Training
Camilla
Statesboro
April 1
April 3





- Direct installation method (Drill & Drop):
 - Consists of drilling a hole that is similar to the diameter of probe and forcing the probe into the hole.



 This allows for sensor to soil contact while disturbing the native soil horizons a little as possible.





- Slurry installation method:
 - Consists of drilling a hole that is larger than the diameter of probe and using the extras soil removed from the hole to create a slurry mixture with water.
 - The slurry mixture is poured back into the hole with the sensor to eliminate any air pockets or lack of sensor to soil contact.
 - The main problem with this method is the soil horizons are usually mixed around the sensor.

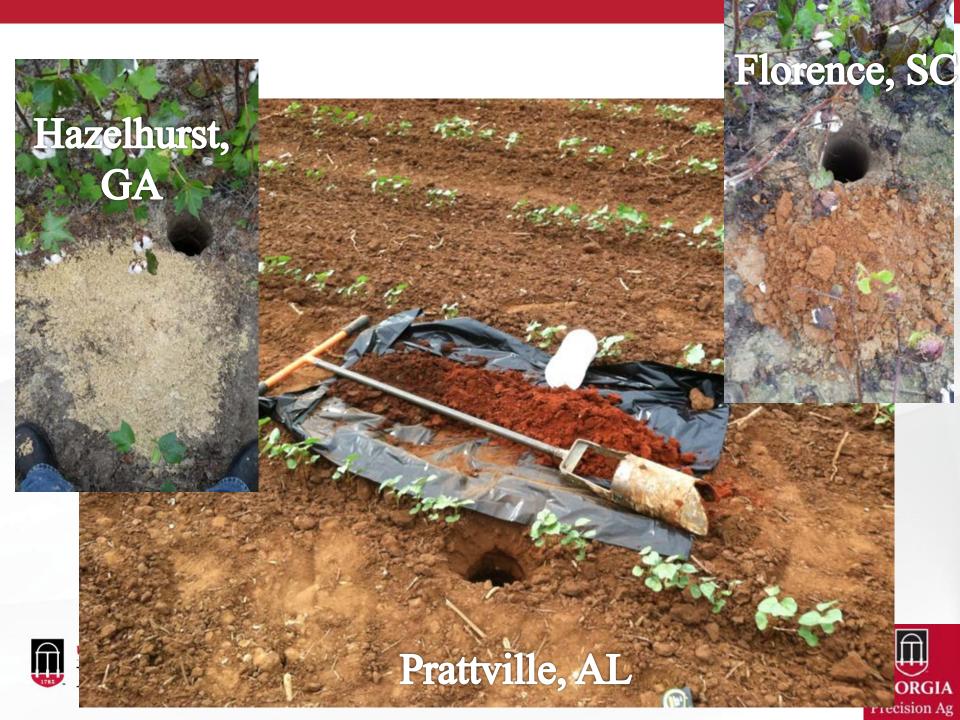












CropX probe:

- Consists of drilling a hole with the proprietary CropX drill bit.
- The probe is twisted into the soil with an installation bar with slight downward pressure.
- The sensor is designed to be installed at different depths.
- No disruption to the soil profile.











- Meter Teros probe:
 - Consists of digging a large diameter hole
 - The probes are installed into the side of the hole at the specified depths
 - Use a type of pvc or conduit to protect wires
 - Repack the native soil into the hole
 - No disruption to the soil profile.



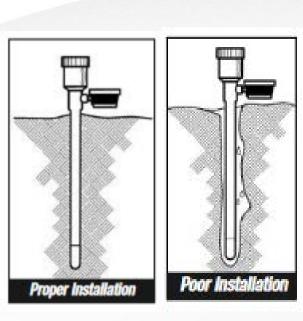






Watermark Sensor Prep

- Tensiometers and watermarks should be soaked in clean water for approximately 24 hours prior to installation.
- They are then installed using the slurry method









Depth Placement in the Soil Profile

- Sensor depths are important to capture moisture movement in the profile:
 - A shallow sensor reading is good to capture smaller rainfall and irrigation events.
 - Can be used to develop weighted averages.
 - Recommended sensor depths:
 - Cotton

- Corn
 - 8", 16", 24"
- Soybeans
 - 6", 12", 18"
- Peanuts
 - 4", 8", 16"





General Installation Tips

- Saturate sensor to assist with calibration
- Mark end rows with flags
- Mark sensor with bike flag
- Affix any antenna to the flag
- Note any important information
 o (serial #, Soil conditions, Ect.)









General Removal Tips

- Saturate sensor beforehand to soften the ground
- Some sensors have GPS features
- Carefully remove sensor. Do not pry







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THANK YOU!



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